The Content Layer:

HTML 5

NEW ELEMENTS

structural elements

Provides new semantic vocabulary for parts of a page previously served by DIVs with ID and Class attributes.

IE requires some workarounds using JavaScript to make these elements work.

HEADER	
NAV	
ARTICLE	ASIDE
SECTION	
FOOTER	

structural elements

Browser Support:





figure

Allows for associating captions with embedded content, including videos, audio, pullquotes, or images.

FIGURE	
CONTENT (IMG, Q, VIDEO, ETC.)	
LEGEND	



Browser Support:







audio & video

Allows for associating captions with embedded content, including videos, audio, or images.

Opera, Chrome, and Firefox all support the Ogg Theora video format natively, while Safari and Chrome support H.264. <video src="test.ogg" autoplay="autoplay"
controls="controls">
 Your browser does not support the video
 element. This could also include object and
 embed codes for legacy browsers.
</video>



Browser Support:







OTHER ELEMENTS

METER Contained content is a measurement, like length. **PROGRESS** Contains current process toward a goal, like a percentage. TIME Time **COMMAND** Represents something a command a user may execute. DATAGRID *Represents data.* Non-tabular or otherwise. **OUTPUT** Displays the output of a program or process. **RUBY** Allows input of rubi/ruby annotations for Asian languages.

NEW FORM CONTROLS

FORM CONTROLS



DATETIME Allows input of a date and a time. **DATETIME-LOCAL** Allows input of a date and a time, in local time. **NUMBER** Allows input of a number. RANGE Input is verified to be within a range. **EMAIL** Confirms the input to be a valid email. URL Ensures input is a valid URL. **COLOR** Provides a mechanism for the user to input an RGB color.

DOC STRUCTURE

HTML 5 doctype

The HTML 5 doctype is way easier than any other doctype. Evar.

<!DOCTYPE html>

Just type the parts you remember, and you'll probably be right.



Browser Support:







HTML5 & XHTML5

HTML 5 supports the standard HTML syntax (formerly SGML), but also allows for an XML-based variant XHTML5.

Since it's XML, XHTML should be served as application/xml or application/xhtml+xml. Warning: this means browsers freak if there's an error. <html>

VS.

<html xmlns="http:// www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">



Browser Support:







Block-Level Links

You can now wrap links around block-level elements, rather than having to create links around every element inside the block element.

This is useful for lists of articles that include multiple elements, callouts with a single action, etc. <h3>Title</h3> Text

Block-level Links

Browser Support:







Get in Touch!

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